SECTION 5 STREET LIGHT DESIGN

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Street Light Design

Page

5-1	STR	EET LIGHTS - REQUIRED	5-1
5-2	STR	EET LIGHTS - NOT REQUIRED	5-1
5-3	DEV	ELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITY	5-1
5-4	UTIL	LITY COMPANY AUTHORIZATION	5-1
5-5	GEN	IERAL PLAN DETAILS	5-2
5-6	DES	SIGN STANDARDS	5-2
5-7		EET LIGHT DESIGN DETAILS	
	Α.	Intersections	
	В.	Cul-de-Sacs and Stub End Streets	
	C.	Pedestrian Lanes	5-2
	D.	Spacing	5-3
	E.	Street Light Poles	
	F.	Street Lights on Existing Utility-Owned Poles	
	G.	Light Emitting Diode Luminaires	
	Н.	Service	
	Ι.	Pull Boxes	5-4
	J.	Conductors	
	K.	Photo Cell	5-5
	L.	Conduit	5-5
	M.	Electrical Equipment and Work	5-5
	N.	Decorative Street Lights	
5-8	MAS	STER PLANNING	

SECTION 5

STREET LIGHT DESIGN

- 5-1 STREET LIGHTS REQUIRED -- Street lights shall be required for all lots and parcels being developed or constructed upon unless excepted by Section 5-2. In addition, street lights may be required for lots and parcels containing existing structures which are being improved or altered, depending on the nature and extent of the work. Illustrations of street lights generally required are shown on Standard Drawing 5-1.
- <u>5-2</u> STREET LIGHTS NOT REQUIRED -- Street lights shall not be required under the following circumstances:
 - A. Single family residential subdivisions having an average lot street frontage of more than 125 feet will not be required to install a street light system along the streets, but shall as a minimum, be required to install street lights at all intersections, cul-de-sacs, and other locations deemed by the Director to be essential. (e.g. pedestrian tunnel, pedestrian over-crossing, bridges, curves, etc.)
 - B. For planned developments, residential, commercial, and industrial developments where the internal streets are not offered for dedication, a street lighting system will not be required for the internal non-dedicated streets, but shall be provided by the developer on the external public street frontage.
- <u>5-3 DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITY</u> -- Existing street lights which must be relocated or repositioned as a result of the construction of new streets or driveways into a development shall be the responsibility of the developer.

Where a development abuts a collector street, primary residential street, or minor residential street where Standard Drawings 5-5D, 5-5E and 5-5F assume that street lights will be installed on alternate sides of the street, and where the property on the opposite side of the street has developed without street lights, the Director may require the developer to install additional street lights on the frontage of the development to maintain proper street light spacing.

A new service can with a step-down transformer, required as a result of the modification, replacement or relocation of an existing utility service pedestal shall be the responsibility of the developer. The developer shall also be responsible to ensure that power shall remain to existing street lights during the period of any

such modification, replacement or relocation of an existing utility service pedestal.

It shall be the responsibility of the developer to ensure that the power shall remain to the existing street light system until the new street light system is completed and functioning correctly.

<u>5-4 UTILITY COMPANY AUTHORIZATION</u> – The Sacramento Municipal Utility District (SMUD) rate tables for street light service have been modified as follows:

- A. The Customer Owned/District Maintained lighting rate is no longer available for new street light installations. This may affect the street light systems on private streets and courts.
- B. New Street Light installations on County maintained roadways may require the Developer to install a metered street light electrical service. The use of metered vs flat rate electrical billing shall be determined by the Developer's Engineer in consultation with the utility company prior to improvement plan submittal.

A written notice from the serving utility company, stating that line clearances and services have been checked and are adequate, shall be submitted to the Director for all developments.

<u>5-5</u> <u>GENERAL PLAN DETAILS</u> -- The plans shall show and identify all street lights to be installed, all existing lights in the immediate vicinity of the project, all conduit and conductor runs, service points, trees, and all applicable provisions and details specified in these standards.

On subdivision plans, the street lights shall be shown separately. In addition to the above, the following shall be required on the street light portion of subdivision plans, even though duplications may be involved:

- A vicinity map or equivalent
- Utility poles and public utility easements
- Names of adjacent subdivisions
- Intersecting property lines of adjacent properties
- A "Symbols" legend conforming to Standard Drawing 5-1
- A North arrow and appropriate scale (1"=10' to 1"=100')
- All existing street lights on both sides of <u>any</u> streets and in the median
- All new tree installations shall be more than 20' from street lights
- All trees within the vicinity of the conduit runs or proposed street lights

5-6 DESIGN STANDARDS -- Street lighting shall be designed in conformance with these specifications, the current edition of the Sacramento County Standard Construction Specifications, and the "American National Standard Practice for Roadway Lighting" of the American Standards Institute, except that the average horizontal maintained foot candles for the various street classifications shall be as shown on Standard Drawings 5-5A through 5-5F. Data and calculations supporting the satisfaction of the

above requirements shall be submitted for review, or the predetermined design standards included herein shall apply.

- 5-7 STREET LIGHT DESIGN DETAILS -- Design details for street lights are as follows:
 - A. <u>Intersections</u> -- Intersections shall have at least one street light. Intersection street light locations and the number required shall conform to Standard Drawings 5-6 through 5-7.
 - B. <u>Cul-de-Sacs and Stub-End Streets</u>-- All cul-de-sacs and stub-end streets exceeding 130 feet in length, measured from the street light location at the intersection to the right-of-way line at the end of the cul-de-sac or street, shall have a street light within the bulb, or in the case of a stub-end street, at the end of street barricade. The location of the street light within the cul-de-sac bulb shall conform to Standard Drawing 5-7.
 - C. <u>Pedestrian Lanes</u> -- Street lights shall be placed at both ends of pedestrian lanes.
 - D. <u>Spacing</u> -- Maximum street light spacing, measured along the street centerline, shall conform to Standard Drawings 5-5A through 5-5F, except on arterial and thoroughfare streets with a 1,000-foot or smaller radius horizontal curve, in which case the maximum spacing is 170 feet. The actual constructed street type and right-of-way width shall be the controlling factor for determination of street light spacing rather than the street classifications (arterial, collector, etc.).
 - E. <u>Street Light Poles</u> -- All street light poles shall be galvanized steel, except as provided for by Item "F" below. All pole construction and materials shall conform to the standards outlined in the Standard Construction Specifications, Section 49-2.05, "Standards, Steel Pedestals and Posts", and the Standard Drawings referenced therein. Poles shall be identified on the plans or in the special provisions. Identification of Type A street light poles shall be by the

"A" series numbering procedure" as shown on Standard Drawing 5-3

The position of the street light poles shall conform to Standard Drawings 5-5A through 5-8.

- F. <u>Street Lights on Existing Utility-Owned Poles</u> -- Where there are permanent existing (or necessary planned) utility owned poles adjacent to the roadway, the street lights may be installed upon the utility pole in lieu of the required street light poles. Should the utility pole option be utilized, the following shall apply:
 - 1. In the Sacramento Municipal Utility District (SMUD) service area, the developer shall arrange with SMUD to install Utility owned and maintained street lights on existing utility poles. Proof that SMUD has agreed to the installation of the lights and the SMUD Rate designation shall be submitted to the plan check staff prior to approval of the plans.
 - 2. In the Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) service area, the developer shall arrange with PG&E to install PG&E owned and maintained street lights on existing utility poles. Proof that PG&E has agreed to the installation of the lights and the PG&E Rate designation shall be submitted to the plan check staff prior to approval of the plans.
 - 3. Spacing of lights may be varied to meet locations of existing utility poles, but shall not exceed the maximum spacing specified by Standard Drawings 5-5A through 5-5F. Street light mounting heights shall be as shown on Standard Drawings 5-5A through 5-5F. All luminaires shall have wattages relating to the street classification requirements shown on Standard Drawings 5-5A through 5-5F
- G. Light Emitting Diode Luminaires All new street light installations shall utilize Light Emitting Diode (LED) luminaires. The luminaire wattages shown on Standard Drawings 5-5A through 5-5F are nominal wattages; system wattages, which include the electronic driver, may be higher. LED luminaires shall conform to the standards outlined in the Standard Construction Specifications, Section 49-6.03, Light Emitting Diode (LED) Luminaires.
- H. <u>Service</u> -- All street light systems shall have underground service provided. Service voltage shall be shown on the plans. Service voltage shall be 120 volts. Service voltage may be 277 volts only when 120 volt service is not available. Service points shall be provided within a Public Utility Easement immediately adjacent to the right-of-way, or within the right-of-way, and at a point which is as reasonably near as possible to the

serving utility power source. The service point shall be a pull box which is easily accessible to the street frontage. Types of service are as follows:

- 1. The Director may approve overhead service in unusual areas when justification is given for why service cannot be provided underground.
- 2. A direct underground service consists of one light being served from a single service point. New lights on developments adjacent to existing development shall connect to the existing service point. The service point shall be a pull box installed by the developer. See Standard Drawing 5-12 for commercial and residential requirements, and Standard Drawing 5-13 for installation details.
- 3. Multiple service is two or more lights being served from a single service point installed by the developer. The service point shall be a pull box. Multiple systems shall have an above ground service enclosure which is normally located adjacent to the service point and within the Right of Way and/or Public Utility Easement, between the service point and the light system. The service enclosure shall conform to Standard Drawing 5-30 through 5-33 as appropriate.
- 4. When five or more lights are connected to a single service point, an above ground, metered service enclosure shall be installed. The metered service enclosure shall be located per item No. 3 above.
- I. <u>Pull Boxes</u> -- All pull boxes, including the size, shall be shown and identified on the plans. Pull boxes shall be installed at all locations where more than two conduit runs intersect, where conduit runs are more than 200 feet long, where shown on County Standard Drawings, at critical angle points, at property lines at the end of the required conduit run to the property line (see Section 5-7(L), "Conduit"), behind each light when No. 4 AWG. conductors are used, and at such locations ordered by the Director. Normally a No. 3-1/2 pull box will be allowed when three or fewer conduits of 1-1/2" or smaller size are involved and at the end of the required conduit run to the property line (see Section 5-7(L), "Conduit").
- J. <u>Conductors</u> -- All conductors, including quantity and size, shall be identified on the plans. Unless otherwise specified, conductors shall be single conductor, solid or stranded copper, sized in accordance with these standards and the National Electrical Code.
 - On a direct underground service, the minimum conductor size shall be No. 8 AWG. In general, no conductor shall be larger than No. 4 AWG.

2. On a multiple service, the minimum conductor size from the service point to the service enclosure shall be No. 8 AWG. The size of each conductor from the service enclosure to the luminaires shall be such that the voltage drop along each circuit will not exceed 7% for 2-wire systems and 6% for 3-wire systems of the nominal service voltage to the farthest luminaire. The nominal service voltage to be used is 115 volts. Calculations shall be submitted substantiating the design criteria for every circuit. Calculations shall also be submitted showing the total load in amperes of each circuit at the service enclosure. See Standard Drawing 5-9 or 5-10 for typical voltage drop calculations. When preparing voltage drop calculations for Light Emitting Diode fixtures, utilize the manufacturer's amperage rating for the fixture.

In a multiple service system, the photo cell shall be connected to the service enclosure with three No. 14 AWG conductors.

- K. <u>Photo Cell and Receptacle</u> -- All luminaires shall have a photocell receptacle per Standard Construction Specifications, Section 49-6.03, Light Emitting Diode (LED) Luminaires.On multiple service systems where a photocell is not utilized on every individual luminaire, a rain tight shorting cap shall be installed on the unused receptacles.
- L. <u>Conduit</u> -- All conduit runs, including the size, shall be shown and identified on the plans. The conduit size shall be determined using Standard Drawing 5-11 as a guideline, with the minimum size being one and one-half inch diameter conduit.

For a system designed using the 3-wire system, only 2 circuits (one set of 3 wires) shall be allowed in any conduit. Circuits based on the 2-wire system and the 3-wire system shall not be mixed in any conduit. All circuits may, however, be mixed in the same conduit from the service enclosure to the first pull box.

The design may include more than two circuits in a conduit if the conductors for each circuit (2-wire) or set of circuits (3-wire) are identified by conductor insulation which is a solid color or a basic color with a permanent colored stripe. The identification stripe shall be continuous over the entire length of the conductor.

New development shall install one and one-half inch conduit, or larger as required, with one No. 10 AWG stranded pullwire from the last light on each end of the system to the adjacent property line, where the adjacent property has no existing street lighting system.

- M. <u>Electrical Equipment and Work</u> -- Control and switching equipment and fusing of all circuits shall meet the requirements of the National Electrical Code, the Basic Electrical Regulations, Title 24, Part 3, of the California Administrative Code, the rules of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, and the County of Sacramento.
- N. <u>Decorative Street Lights</u> -- The Director may approve the use of Decorative poles and luminaires if warranted by the character of the surrounding neighborhood. Prior to plan approval, the developer must annex the properties to the appropriate benefit category in County Service Area 1 (CSA1) so that funds sufficient to maintain and replace the Decorative street light poles and luminaires will be collected from the benefitting property owners

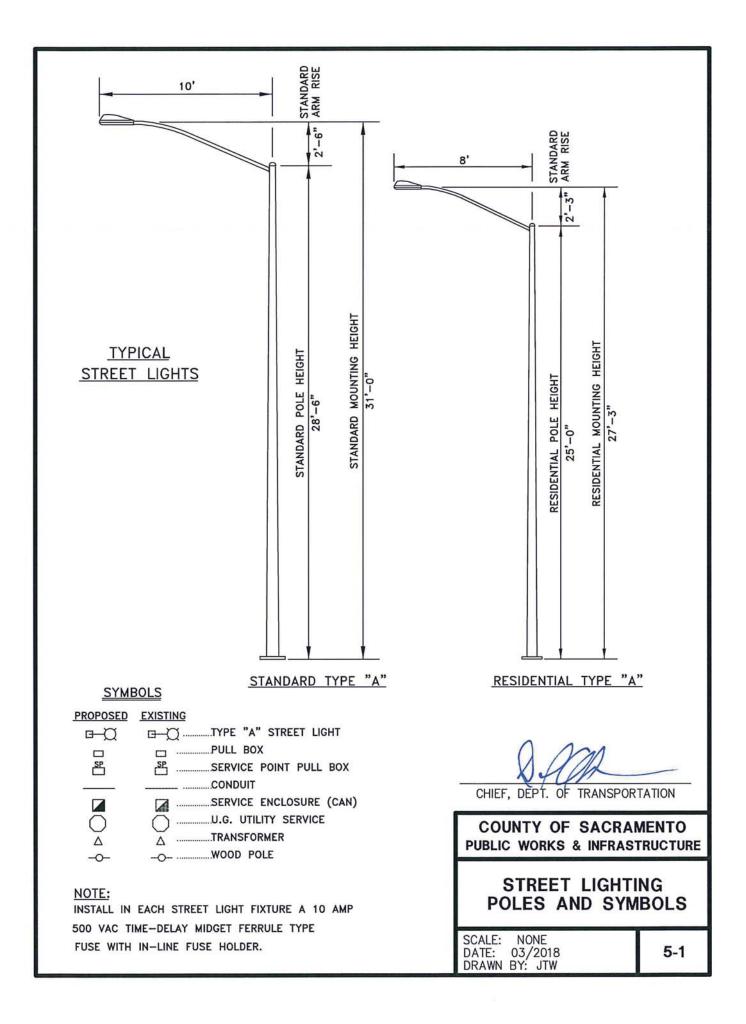
Decorative street lights of a post-top design with luminaires having a vertically mounted non cut-off light source will be discouraged. Street light luminaires of a full-cut off or semi-cut off design mounted on a mast arm are preferred. See drawing numbers 5-2, and 5-4A through 5-4C for Decorative street light options.

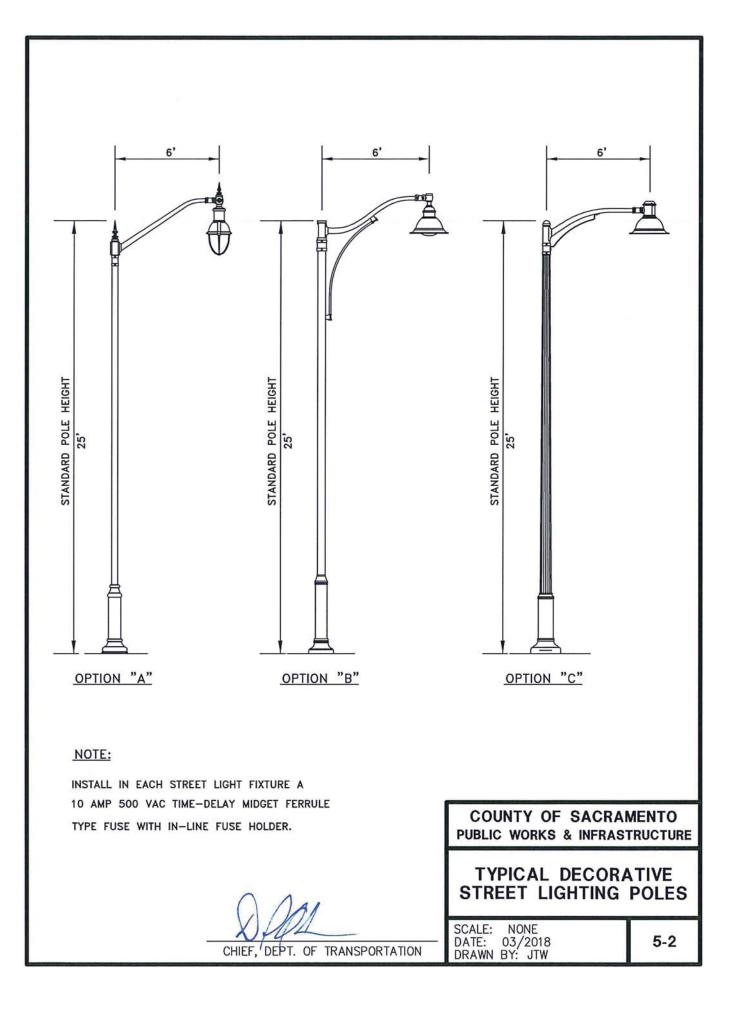
- 1. When the use of Decorative street lights other than the styles shown on drawing numbers 5-2, and 5-4A through 5-4C is proposed, the developer shall submit design calculations for the pole spacing, including photometric calculations and plots from an appropriate computer program, for approval by the Director. Design criteria may be obtained from the Sacramento County Department of Transportation Street Light Operations Section.
- 2. Decorative street light luminaires shall be fitted with house-side shields, if necessary, to prevent glare and light trespass on adjacent residential properties.
- 3. The materials and specifications used in the manufacture of the Decorative street lights must be approved by the Director. Street light components manufactured of Aluminum alloys containing Silicon or Copper will not be permitted. Powder-coat finishes that cannot be refreshed by cleaning and painting in the field at a future date will not be permitted. A certification from the manufacturer that the above criteria are met may be required by the Director prior to approval.
- 4. Decorative street light poles and decorative bases having a paint or powder-coat finish must be galvanized inside and out, then painted equipment must be factory finished and delivered wrapped in a

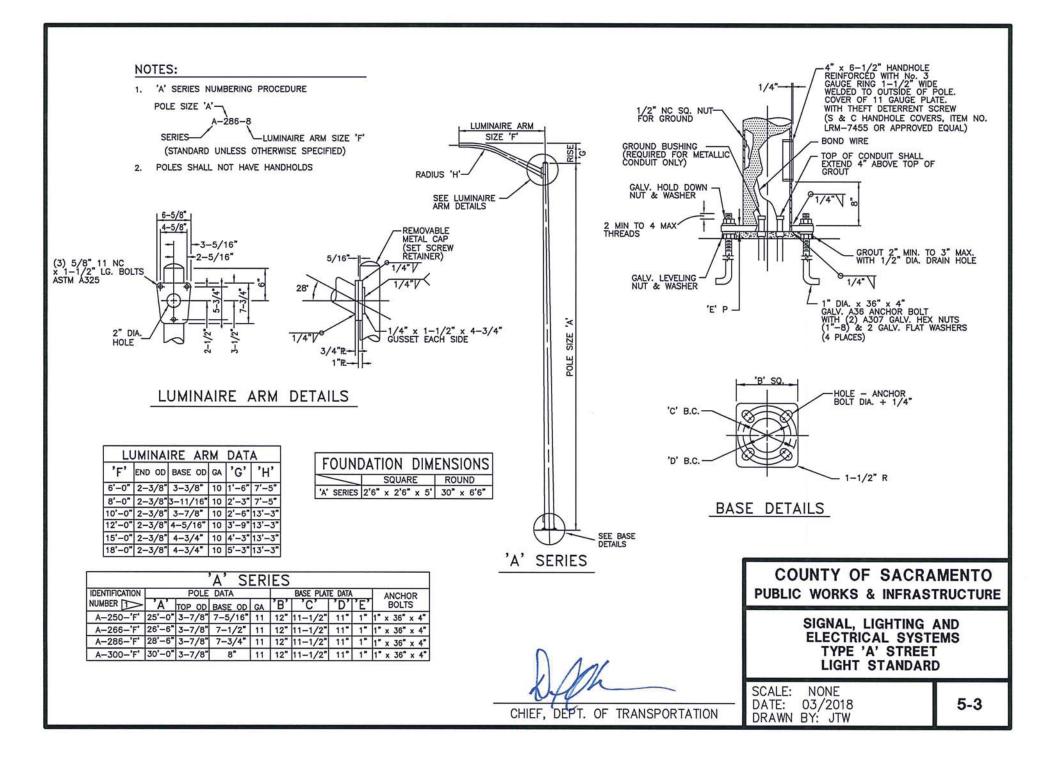
protective layer that will prevent damage to the paint or powdercoat finish during shipping and handling.

- 5. Decorative street light equipment having a paint or powder-coat finish must be raised at least nine-inches above finished grade on a concrete pedestal. The developer shall supply street light foundation and pedestal details for approval by the Director.
- 6. When the use of Decorative street lights is approved, the developer shall supply additional street lights (pole, base cover, luminaire, etc.) to the County for future street light replacement. The minimum number of replacement street lights (spares) to be supplied to the County shall be 10% of the lights being installed with any fractional percent rounded up to the next whole number.
- 7. Installation details and equipment specifications for Decorative street lights, including the equipment manufacturer's name, model and paint numbers, shall be included on the street light plan sheets. The information shall include details for the foundation and pedestal construction and a note indicating the requirement for spares as detailed above.
- 5-8 MASTER PLANNING -- Master planning is the determination of street light locations between control points. Control points are proposed street light locations at street intersections in accordance with Section 5-7, Standard Drawings 5-6, 5-7, , and existing street lights. The purpose of master planning is to establish an overall uniform street light system meeting minimum requirements. On Arterial and Thoroughfare streets, master planning shall apply to only one side of the street. On all other streets, master planning shall apply to both sides of the street. The procedure for master planning is outlined as follows:
 - A. Identify the nearest intersections each way from the street light locations being planned. Determine the location of the street lights at the intersections in conformance with the design standards in Section 5-7 above.
 - B. Identify any existing street lights situated between the intersections.
 - C. Determine the distance between the adjacent designed intersection street lights and/or adjacent existing street lights, whichever are nearest to the street light locations being planned.
 - D. Divide the distance into equal spaces between lights not to exceed the maximum spacing requirements specified in Section 5-7 above.

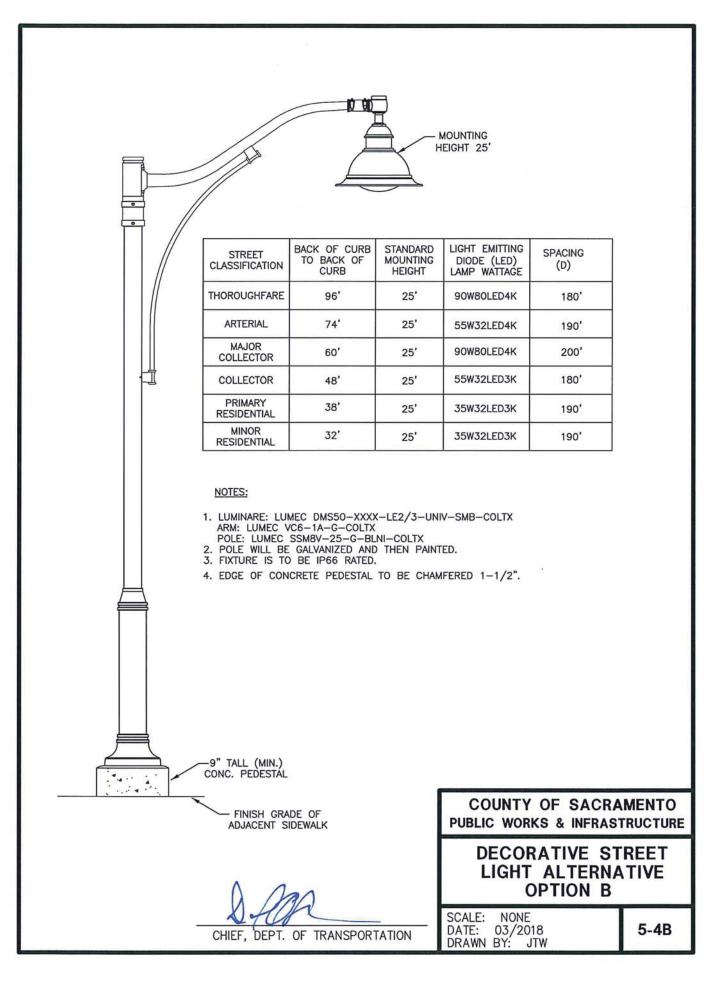
- E. Compare the light locations to intersecting property lines, driveways, pedestrian lanes, and other obstructions as follows:
 - 1. If the location falls close to a property line and it can be adjusted to the property line while staying within the maximum spacing allowed, then the adjustment should be made.
 - 2. Generally, street lights should be situated at intersecting property lines for residential lots and parcels with minimal frontage (75 feet or less). The light spacing may have to be unbalanced, with additional lights being added, to attain this and still comply with the maximum spacing allowed.
 - 3. Street light locations shall be adjusted to miss driveways, existing utility poles, and other obstructions by at least five feet.
- F. Where utility-owned poles with overhead electric power lines exist, the serving utility company shall be contacted to determine if the street lights can be installed on the poles. When a street light location falls within 25 feet of an existing electric power pole, arrangements should be made for the utility company to install the light on their pole in accordance with Section 5-7(F).
- G. Street light locations on Arterial and Thoroughfare streets should be adjusted, when possible, to obtain a more uniform light distribution if there are existing street lights on the opposite side of the street.

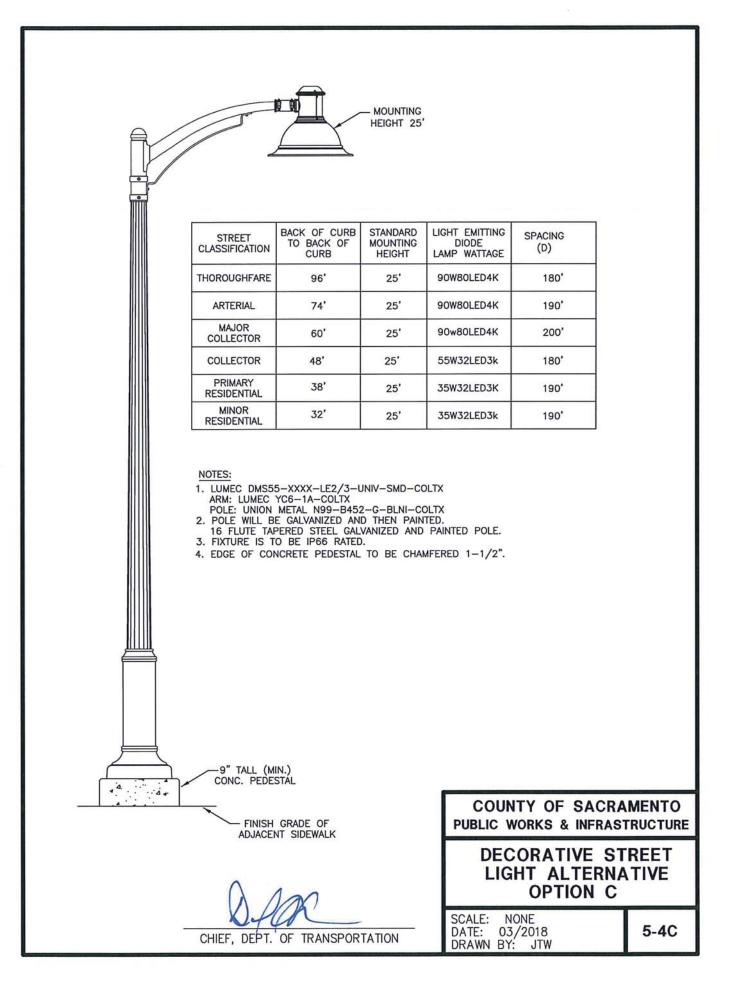




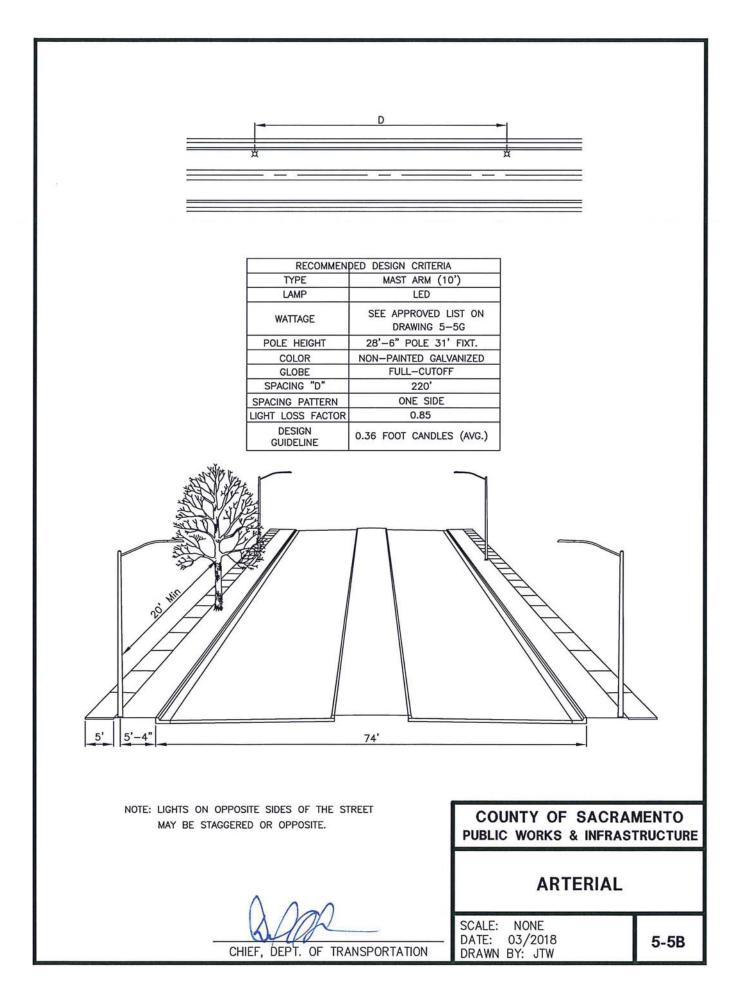


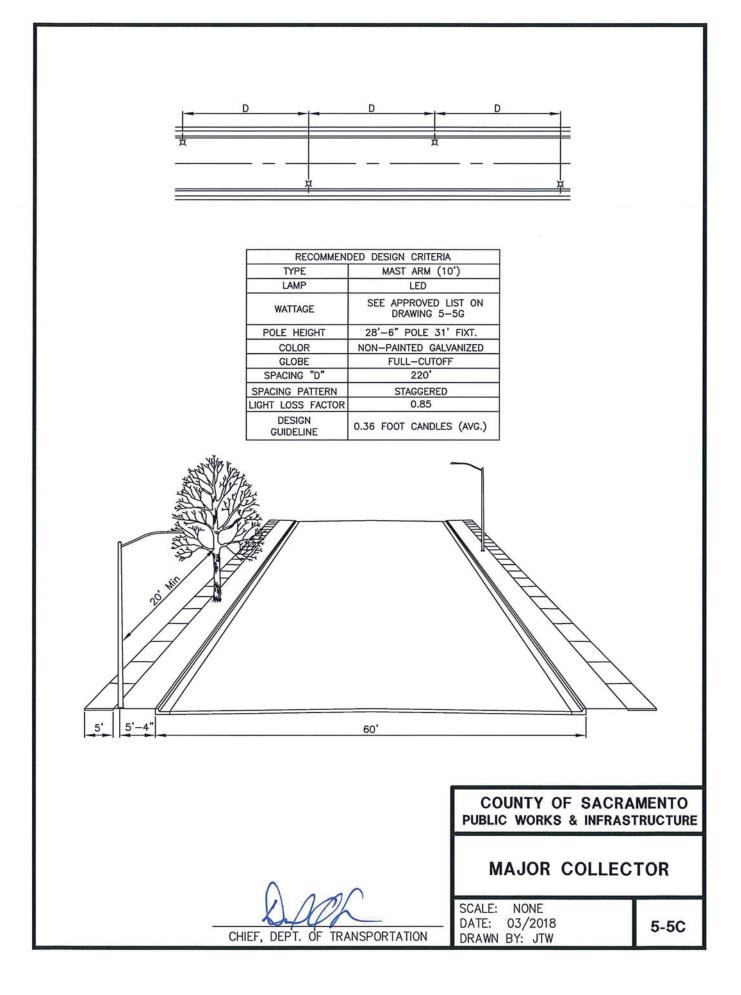
			- Mounting Height 25'		
STREET CLASSIFICATION	BACK OF CURB TO BACK OF CURB	STANDARD MOUNTING HEIGHT	LIGHT EMITTING DIODE LAMP WATTAGE	SPACING (D)	
THOROUGHFARE	96'	25'	90W80LED4K	180'	
ARTERIAL	74'	25'	55W48LED4K	190'	
MAJOR COLLECTOR	60'	25'	90W80LED4K	200'	
COLLECTOR	48'	25'	55W32LED3K	180'	
PRIMARY RESIDENTIAL	38'	25'	35W32LED3K	190'	
MINOR RESIDENTIAL	32'	25'	35W32LED3K	190'	
NOTES: 1. LUMINARE: LUM ARM: LUMEC YI POLE: LUMEC F 2. POLE WILL BE 3. FIXTURE IS TO 4. EDGE OF CONC	R6-1A-G-COLTX RSS61V-25-G-BI GALVANIZED AND BE IP66 RATED.	NI-COLTX THEN PAINTE	ED.	COLTX	
-9" TALL (MIN CONC. PEDEST FINISH G ADJACENT	.) AL RADE OF SIDEWALK		PUBLIC WO	TY OF SAC RKS & INFRA ORATIVE IT ALTER OPTION	STRUCTURE STREET NATIVE
CHIEF, DEPT.	OF TRANSPOR	TATION	SCALE: NO DATE: 03/ DRAWN BY:	NE 2018 JTW	5-4A





		A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER		
	3			
		D	- 1	
	Å		<u> </u>	
1				
	RECOMMENT	DED DESIGN CRITERIA		
	TYPE	MAST ARM (10		
	LAMP	LED		
	WATTAGE	SEE APPROVED L DRAWING 5-	IST ON	
	POLE HEIGHT	28'-6" POLE 31'		
	COLOR	NON-PAINTED GALV		
	GLOBE	FULL-CUTOF		
	SPACING "D"	180'		
	SPACING PATTERN LIGHT LOSS FACTOR	ONE SIDE 0.85		
	second and a second			
	DESIGN GUIDELINE	0.56 FOOT CANDLE	S (AVG.)	
NOTE: LIGHTS ON OPPOSI MAY BE STAGGERED		96'		
TIAL DE STAGEREL	on on one		COUNTY OF SACRA	MENTO
			PUBLIC WORKS & INFRAST	RUCTURE
			THOROUGHFAI	RE
	A non			
	X UNK		SCALE: NONE	
	VYY	NODODTITICU	DATE: 03/2018	5-5A
CH	EF, DEPT. OF TRA	NSPORTATION	DRAWN BY: JTW	1999 - 2010 F.A.S



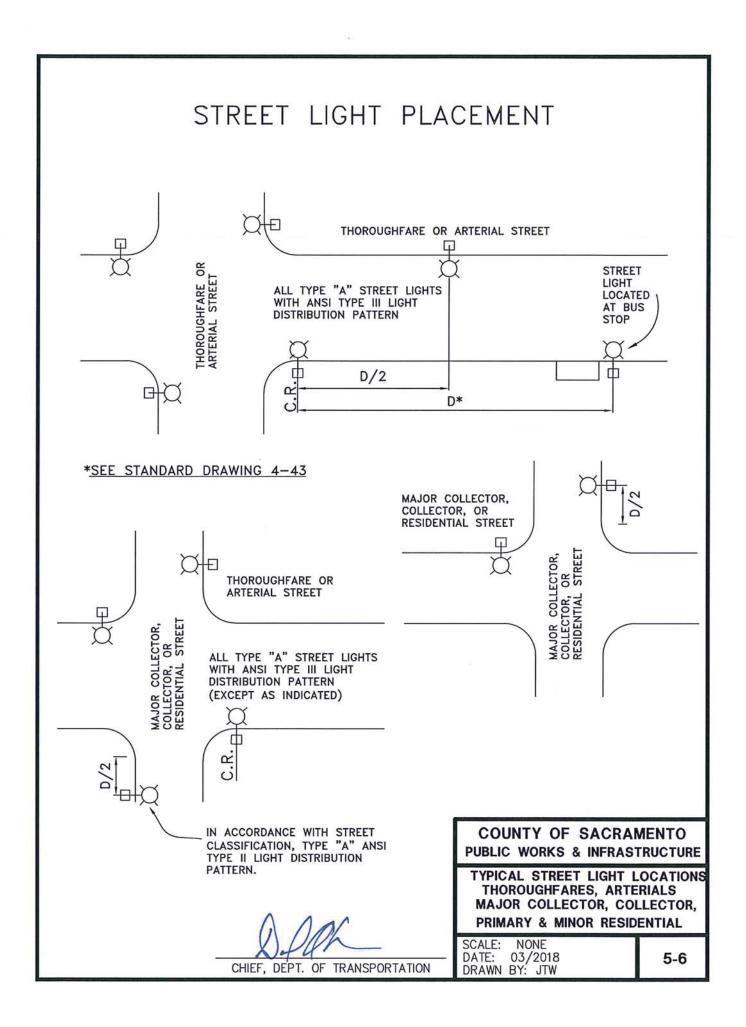


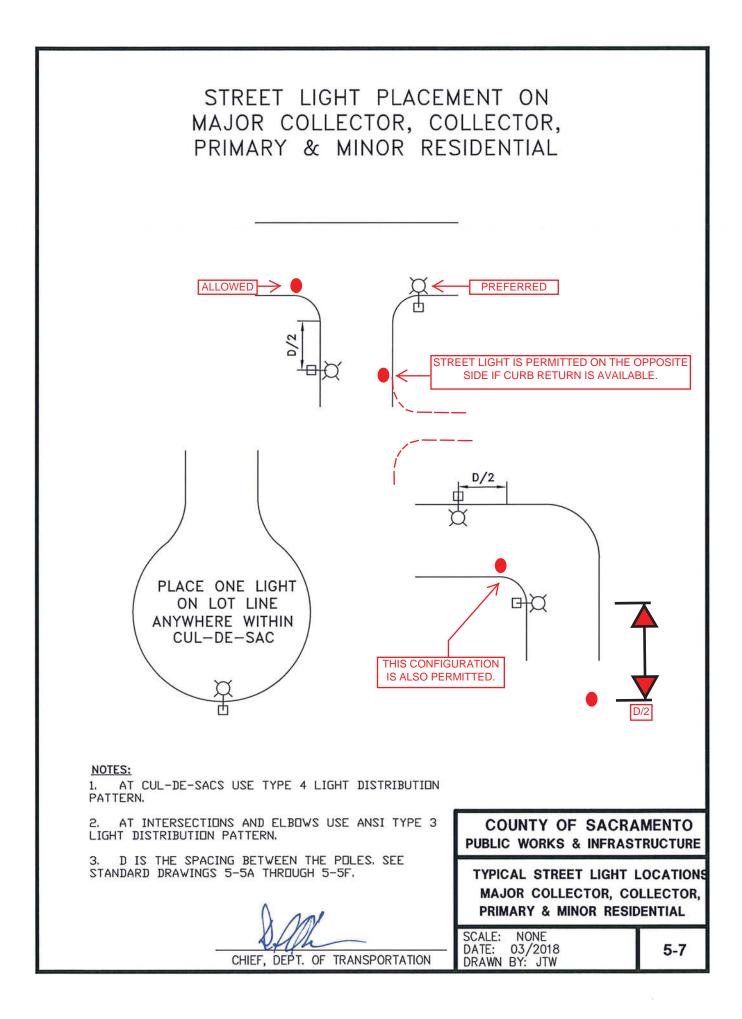
		17.1 1	220	
D		D	D	
×		¥		
	T		<u>Ť</u>	
	RECOMMEN	DED DESIGN CRITERIA		
	YPE	MAST ARM (10')	
		LED SEE APPROVED LIS	T ON	
	TTAGE	DRAWING 5-5	G	
	HEIGHT DLOR	28'-6" POLE 31' NON-PAINTED GALVA		
GL	OBE	FULL-CUTOFF		
	ING "D"	180'		
	S PATTERN	STAGGERED 0.85		
DE	ISIGN DELINE	0.26 FOOT CANDLES	(AVG.)	
- Witon m		-		
	/	1		
			A	
			$A \parallel$	
				`
				\rightarrow
				$ \succ $
5' 5'-4"		48'		
		10		
			COUNTY OF SA	ACRAMENTO
			PUBLIC WORKS & I	
			COLLEC	CTOR
Δ	Amn			
	MA		SCALE: NONE	
	PT OF TP	ANSPORTATION	DATE: 03/2018 DRAWN BY: JTW	5-5D
			DIAMIN DI. UNI	

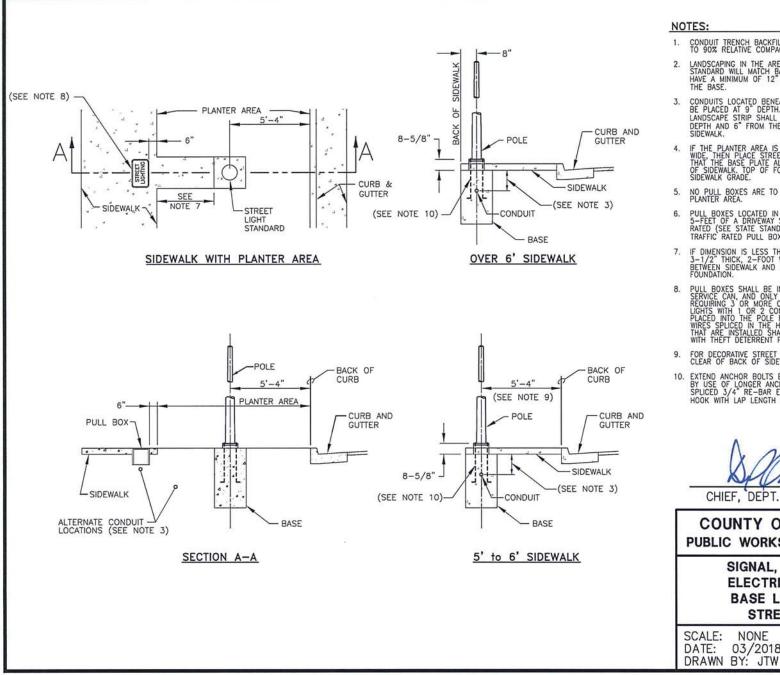
		D	D	D	
TYPE MAST ARM (8) UAMP ED UAMP DRAWING 3-50 POLE HEIGHT 25' POLE - 27-3' FKT. COLOR NON-PAINTED GALVANZED SIGDEE FULL-CUTOFF SPACING PATTERIN STAGGERED DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) STAGE Stage Stage					
TYPE MAST ARM (8) UAMP ED UAMP DRAWING 3-50 POLE HEIGHT 25' POLE - 27-3' FKT. COLOR NON-PAINTED GALVANZED SIGDEE FULL-CUTOFF SPACING PATTERIN STAGGERED DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) STAGE Stage Stage	<u>±</u>		×		
TYPE MAST ARM (8) UAMP ED UAMP DRAWING 3-50 POLE HEIGHT 25' POLE - 27-3' FKT. COLOR NON-PAINTED GALVANZED SIGDEE FULL-CUTOFF SPACING PATTERIN STAGGERED DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) STAGE Stage Stage					
TYPE MAST ARM (8) UAMP ED UAMP DRAWING 3-50 POLE HEIGHT 25' POLE - 27-3' FKT. COLOR NON-PAINTED GALVANZED SIGDEE FULL-CUTOFF SPACING PATTERIN STAGGERED DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) STAGE Stage Stage		<u>×</u>		<u> </u>	
TYPE MAST ARM (8) UAMP ED UAMP DRAWING 3-50 POLE HEIGHT 25' POLE - 27-3' FKT. COLOR NON-PAINTED GALVANZED SIGDEE FULL-CUTOFF SPACING PATTERIN STAGGERED DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) STAGE Stage Stage					
TYPE MAST ARM (8) UAMP ED UAMP DRAWING 3-50 POLE HEIGHT 25' POLE - 27-3' FKT. COLOR NON-PAINTED GALVANZED SIGDEE FULL-CUTOFF SPACING PATTERIN STAGGERED DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) STAGE Stage Stage					
LAMP LED WATTAGE SEE APPROVED. LIST ON DRAWNS 5-50 POLE HEICHT 25' POLE - 27'-3' FKT. GLOBE FULL-CUTOFF SPACING TO' 200 SPACING TO' 0.65 UIGHT LOSS FACTOR 0.65 GUDELINE 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) JUSTION JUSTION JUSTION					
WATTAGE SEE APPROVED LIST ON DRAWING 5-50 POLE HEIGHT 25' POLE - 27'-3' FIXT. COLOR NON-PANTED CALVANIZED GLODE SPACING "D" 200 SPACING "D" 200 SPACING "D" 200 SPACING "D" 200 SPACING "D" 0.05 DESIGN GUIDELINE 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) J J J <)	
POLE HEIGHT 25' 70T COLOR HON-PANTED GALVANIZED GLOBE TULL-CUTOFF SPACING TO' 200 SPACING TO' 200 SPACI			SEE APPROVED LI	ST ON	
DLOR NON-PANTED GALVENIZED SPACING D' 200 SPACING D' 0.85 UGIDELINE 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) UDIDELINE 0.14 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) UDIDELINE 0.15 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) UDIDELINE 0.15 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) UDIDELINE 0.15 FOOT CANDLES (AV					
SPACING "D" 200 SPACING PATTERN STAGGERED UDELINE 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) OUIDELINE 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) Stage Stage S					
SPACING PATTERN STAGGERED ULGHT LOSS FACTOR 0.85 DESIGN GUIDELINE 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) Image: Comparison of the state o					
LIGHT LOSS FACTOR 0.45 DESIGN 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.) Image: Comparison of the state of the stat		the second se			
DESIGN GUIDELINE 0.13 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.)					
5' 5'-4' 38' COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO PUBLIC WORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE PRIMARY RESIDENTIAL SCALE: NONE DATE: 03/2018		DESIGN		(AVG.)	
5' 5'-4' 38' COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO PUBLIC WORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE PRIMARY RESIDENTIAL SCALE: NONE DATE: 03/2018					
PUBLIC WORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE PRIMARY RESIDENTIAL SCALE: NONE DATE: 03/2018 5.5E			38'		
SCALE: NONE DATE: 03/2018 5 55					
DATE: 03/2018 5 55		0 1 - 0		PRIMARY RESIDE	NTIAL
	CH	IEF, DEPT. OF TR	ANSPORTATION	DATE: 03/2018	5-5E

D	•	D	D	
×		¤		
	×		×	
				_
	OMMEN	DED DESIGN CRITERIA		
LAMP		MAST ARM (8') LED		
	-		-	
WATTAGE		SEE APPROVED LIST ON DRAWING 5-5G		
POLE HEIG	HT	25' POLE - 27'-3" FIXT.		
COLOR		NON-PAINTED GALVANIZED		
GLOBE	0"	FULL-CUTOFF	_	
SPACING '		240		
SPACING PAT		STAGGERED 0.85	-	
DESIGN			<u> </u>	
GUIDELIN	E	0.12 FOOT CANDLES (AVG.	.)	
ALL THE LAS			٦	
		// ⊭		
			A	
		1		
ris Wi			\mathbb{N} \mathbb{P}	
				\backslash
5' 5'-4"		32'		
			COUNTY OF SACRA	MENTO
		PU	JBLIC WORKS & INFRAS	
		-		
			MINOR RESIDENT	IAL
\wedge	200	1		
N/A	Dh	SC	ALE: NONE	
	OF T		TE: 03/2018 AWN BY: JTW	5-5F
CHIEF, DEPT.	UF IF	RANSPORTATION DR.	AWN BI: JIW	

	THOROUGHFARE (96')	ARTERIAL (74')
	PHILIPS	PHILIPS
73W-8745	RFM-72W32LED4K-R2M-UNIV-DMG-RCD7-GY3	RFS-54W16LED4K-R2M-UNIV-DMG-RCD7-GY3 53W-60
90W-1000	15M2 LEOTEK LEC4-14M2-MV-NW-2-530-GY-PCR7-FDC-WL	EC3 LEOTEK -EC4-10M2-MV-NW-2-530-GY-PCR7-FDC-WL 63W-66
	AMERICAN ELECTRIC	AMERICAN ELECTRIC
83W-10457	ATB0-30LEDE85-M-VOLT-R2-PCCL	ATBO-30LEDE85-M-VOLT-R2-PCCL
	MAJOR COLLECTOR (60')	COLLECTOR (48') PHILIPS
73W-8745L	PHILIPS	RFS-54W16LED3K-R2M-UNIV-DMG-RCD7-GY3 53W-56
1 300-0745L		LEOTEK
90W-10000		GCJ1-20H-MV-WW-2R-GY-700-PCR7-FDC-WL
54W-6210L		
38W-4310L 46W-5130L	LEOTEK	MINOR RESIDENTIAL (32') PHILIPS RFS-35W16LED3K-R2M-UNIV-DMG-RCD7-GY3 38W-431 LEOTEK GCJ1-20H-MV-WW-2R-GY-700-PCR7-FDC-WL 46W-51
	LIGHT DISTRIBUTION PATTERN WILL BE ANSI TYP EXCEPT AT CUL-DE-SACS, INTERSECTIONS, AND ELBOWS (SEE DRAWING 5-7)	
	EXCEPT AT CUL-DE-SACS, INTERSECTIONS, AND	COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO PUBLIC WORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE APPROVED LUMINAIRE LIST SCALE: NONE
	EXCEPT AT CUL-DE-SACS, INTERSECTIONS, AND	COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO PUBLIC WORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE APPROVED LUMINAIRE LIST







Ν	0	Т	ES	:

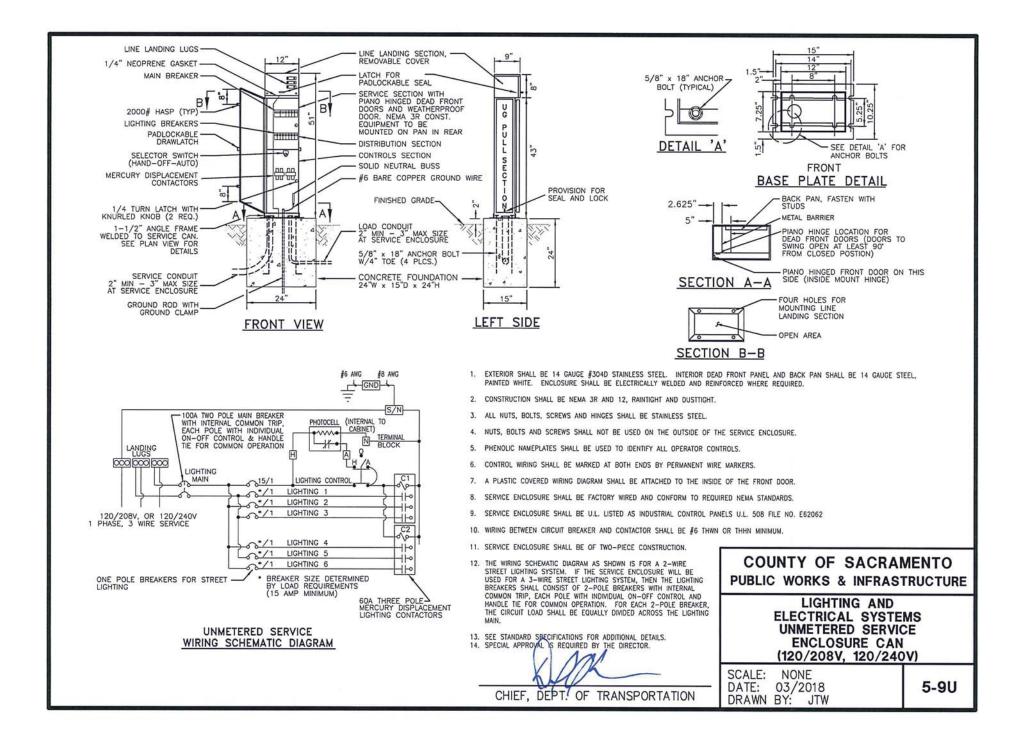
- CONDUIT TRENCH BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 90% RELATIVE COMPACTION.
- LANDSCAPING IN THE AREA OF THE STREET LIGHT STANDARD WILL MATCH BASE ELEVATION AND HAVE A MINIMUM OF 12" OF CLEARANCE FROM THE BASE
- CONDUITS LOCATED BENEATH THE SIDEWALK MAY BE PLACED AT 9" DEPTH. CONDUITS IN LANDSCAPE STRIP SHALL BE PLACED AT 18" DEPTH AND 6" FROM THE FACE OF THE SIDEWALK.
- IF THE PLANTER AREA IS LESS THAN SIX FEET WIDE, THEN PLACE STREET LIGHT STANDARD SO THAT THE BASE PLATE ALIGNS WITH THE EDGE OF SIDEWALK. TOP OF FOUNDATION TO MATCH SIDEWALK GRADE.
- NO PULL BOXES ARE TO BE PLACED IN THE PLANTER AREA.
- PULL BOXES LOCATED IN A DRIVEWAY OR WITHIN 5-FEET OF A DRIVEWAY SHALL BE TRAFFIC RATED (SEE STATE STANDARD PLANS FOR TRAFFIC RATED PULL BOXES).
- IF DIMENSION IS LESS THAN 2-FEET, PLACE 3-1/2" THICK, 2-FOOT WIDE CONCRETE PAD BETWEEN SIDEWALK AND STREET LIGHT FOUNDATION.
- PULL BOXES SHALL BE INSTALLED AT EACH SERVICE CAN, AND ONLY AT STREET LIGHTS REQUIRING 3 OR MORE CONDUITS. FOR STREET LIGHTS WITH 1 OR 2 CONDUITS. THEY SHALL BE PLACED INTO THE POLE FOUNDATION TO HAVE WIRES SPLICED IN THE HAND HOLE. PULLBOXES THAT ARE INSTALLED SHALL INCLUDE COVERS WITH THEFT DETERRENT PENTA BOLT.
- FOR DECORATIVE STREET LIGHTS, LOCATE BASE CLEAR OF BACK OF SIDEWALK.
- EXTEND ANCHOR BOLTS BY 10" MINIMUM EITHER BY USE OF LONGER ANCHOR BOLTS OR BY LAP SPLICED 3/4" RE-BAR EXTENDED 10" BELOW "J" HOOK WITH LAP LENGTH OF 2".

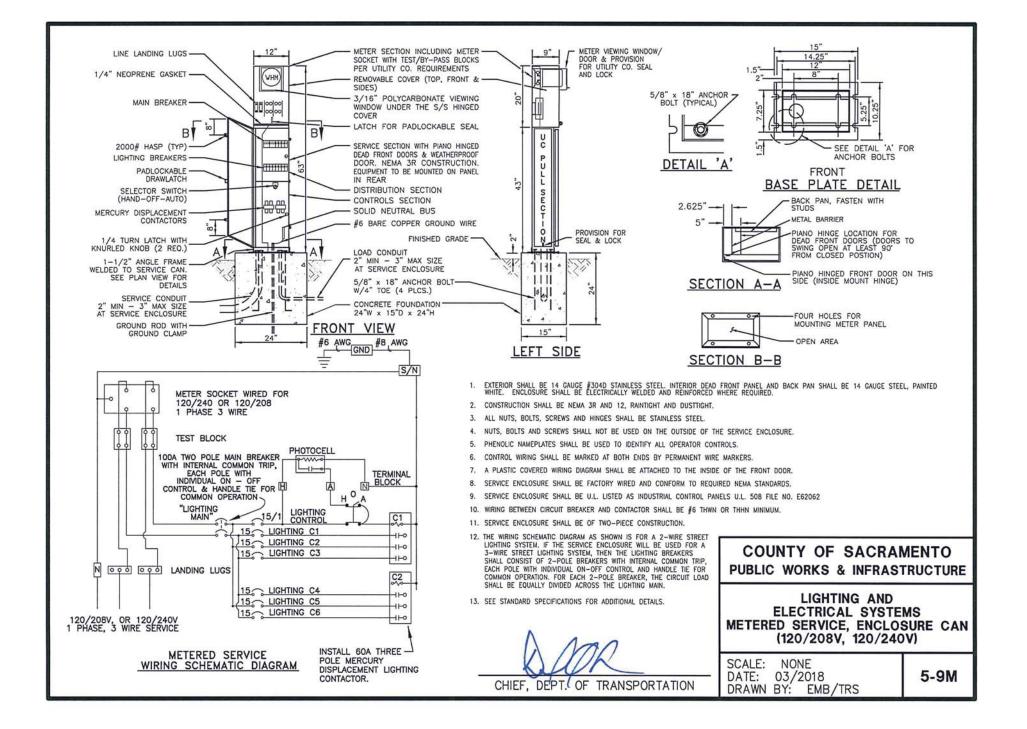


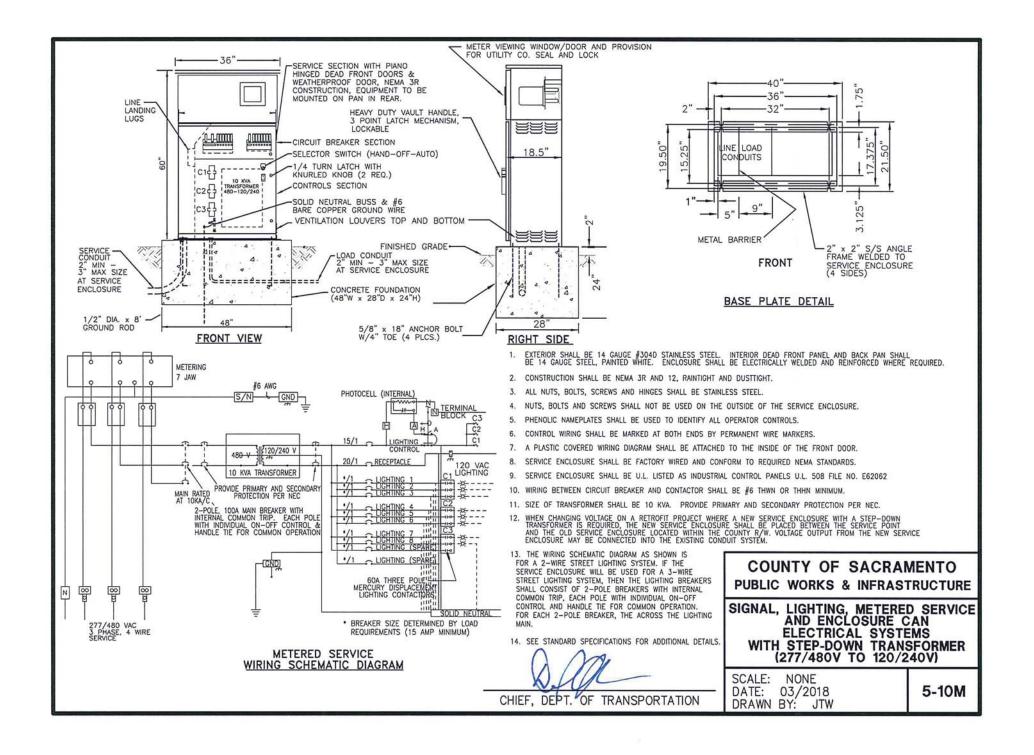
CHIEF, DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION

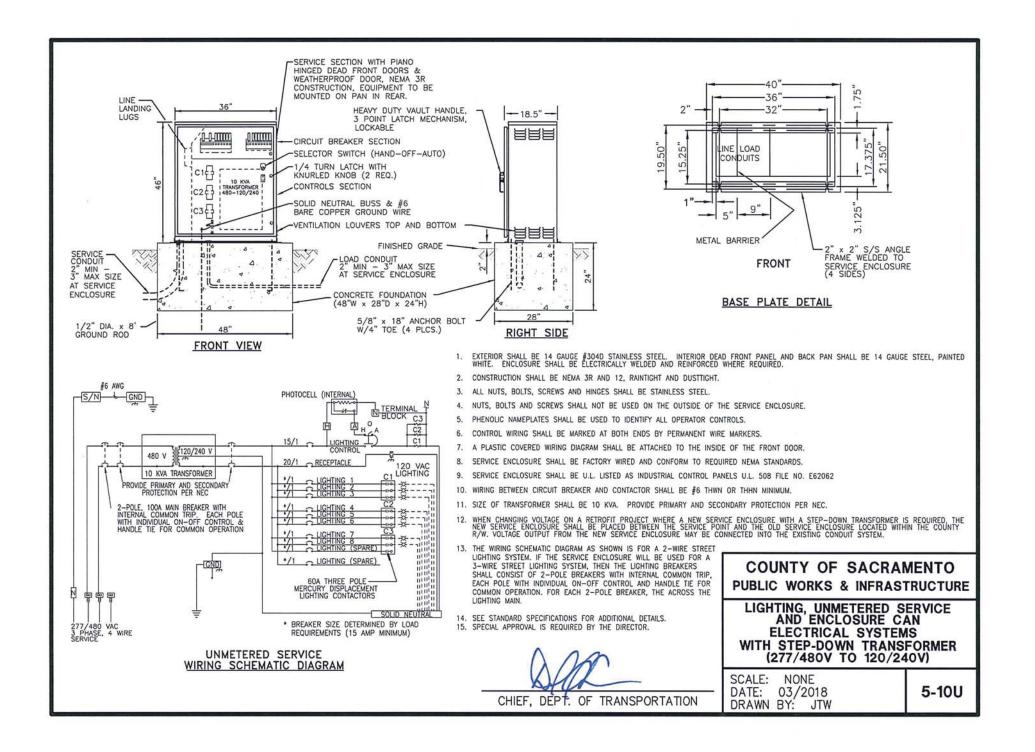
COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO **PUBLIC WORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE**

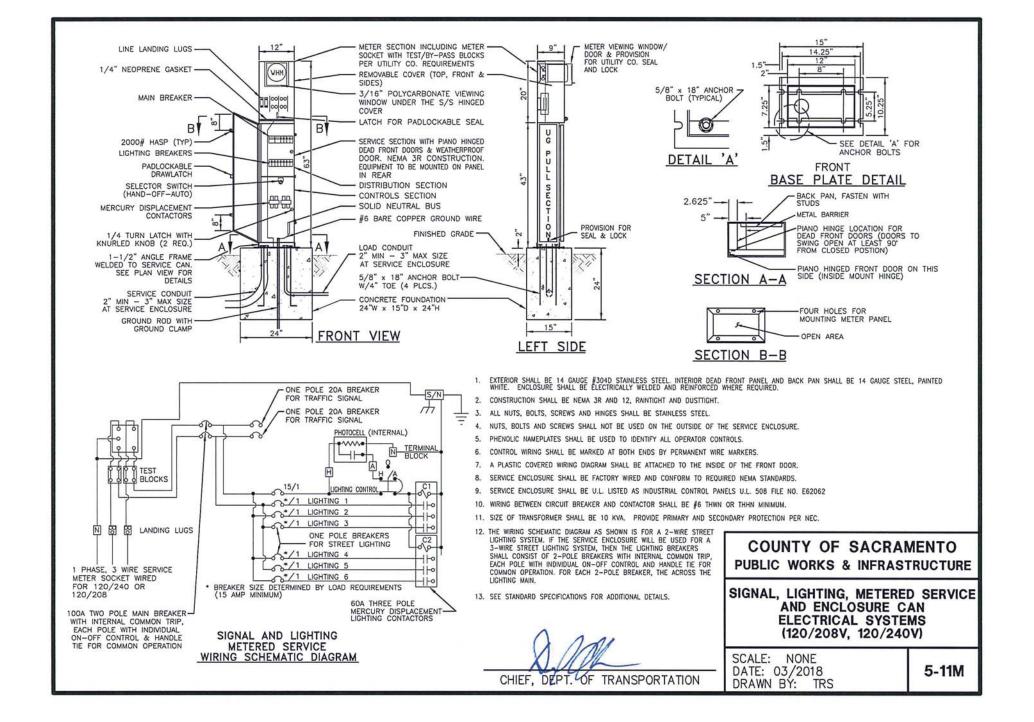
	SIGNAL, LIGHTING A ELECTRICAL SYSTE BASE LOCATION FO STREET LIGHTS	NS
SCALE: DATE:	NONE 03/2018	5-8

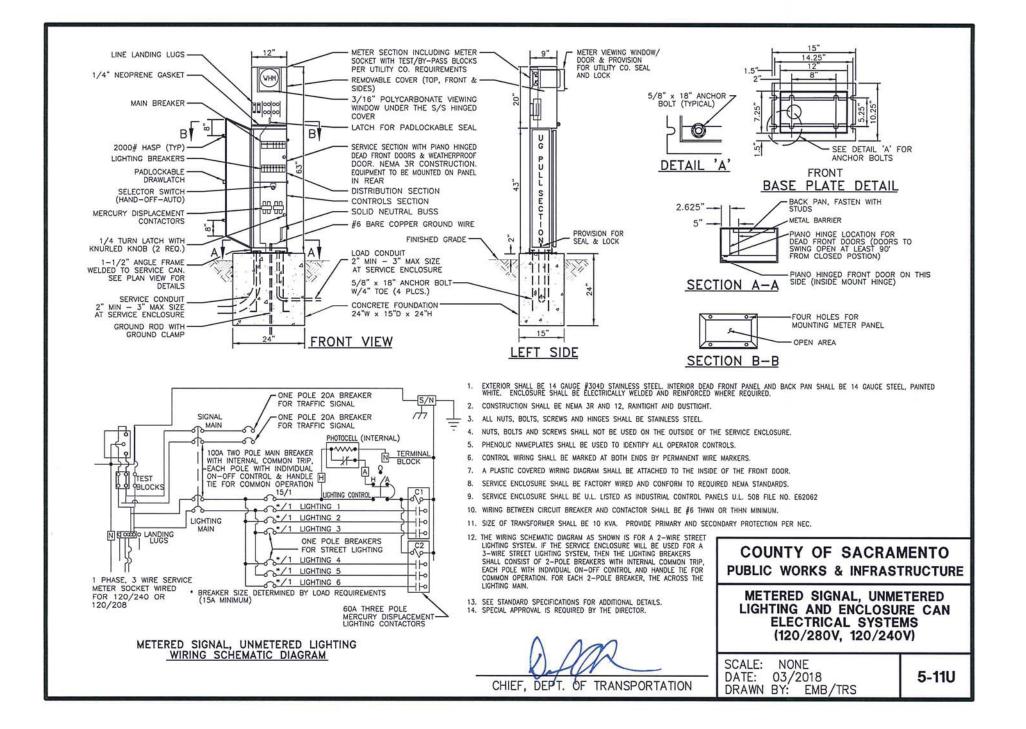


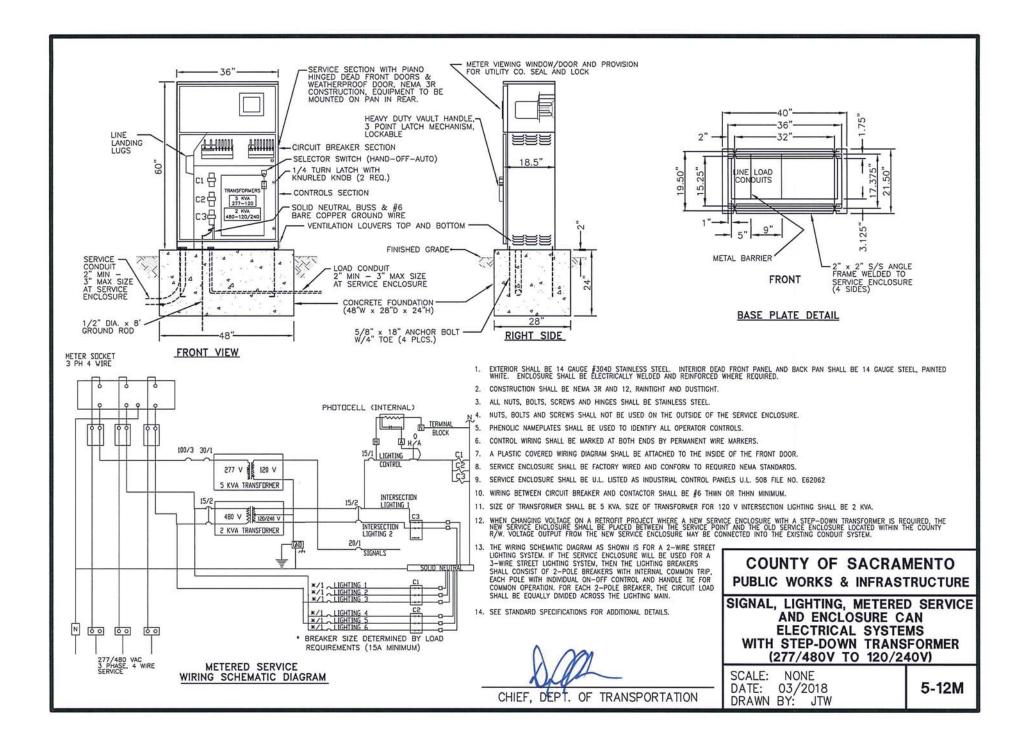


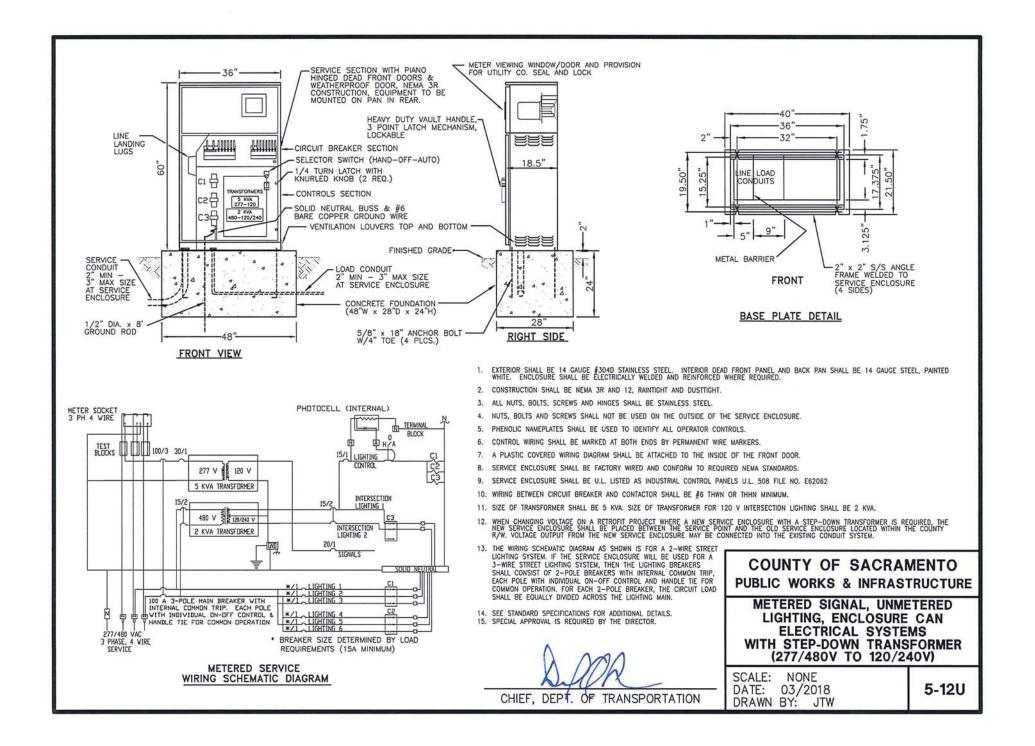


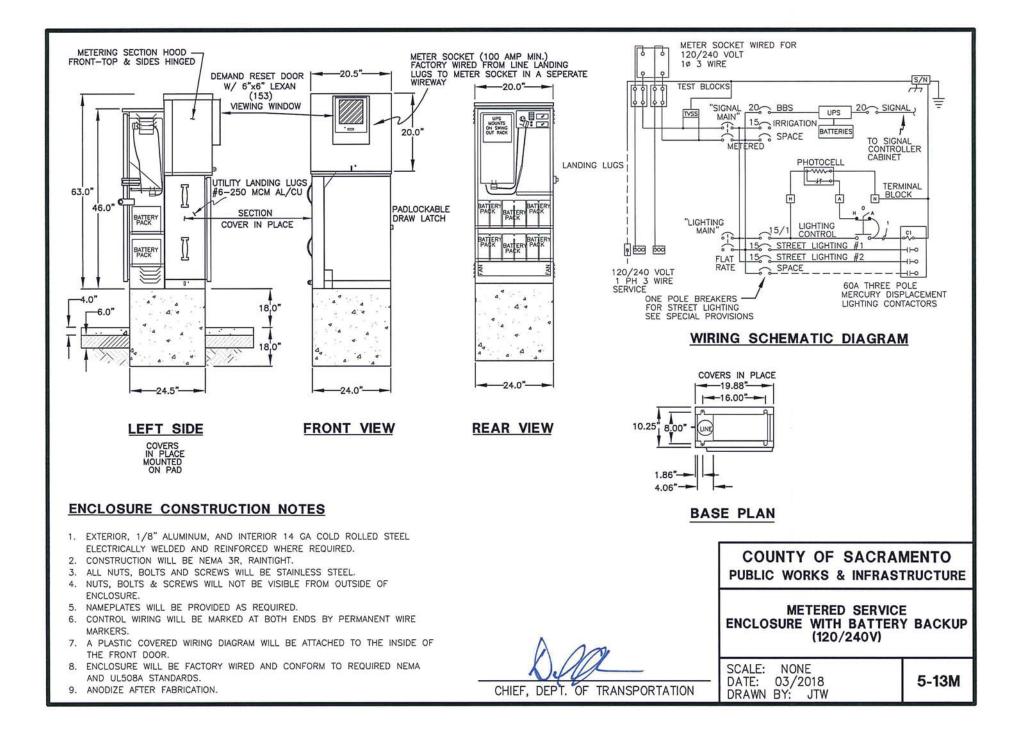


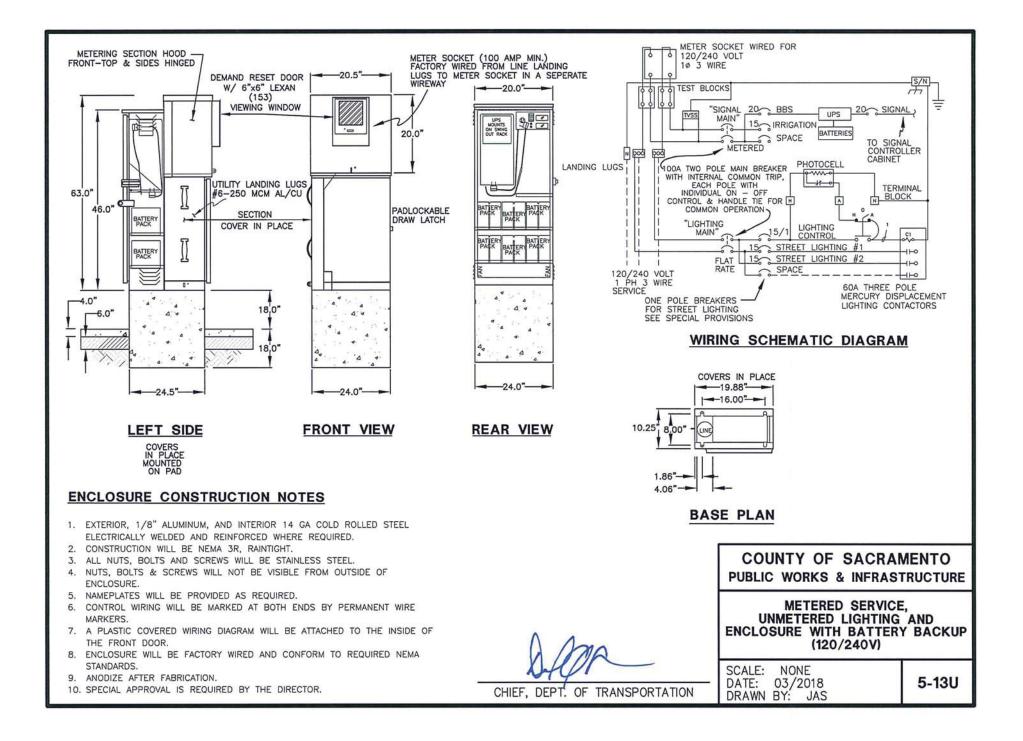


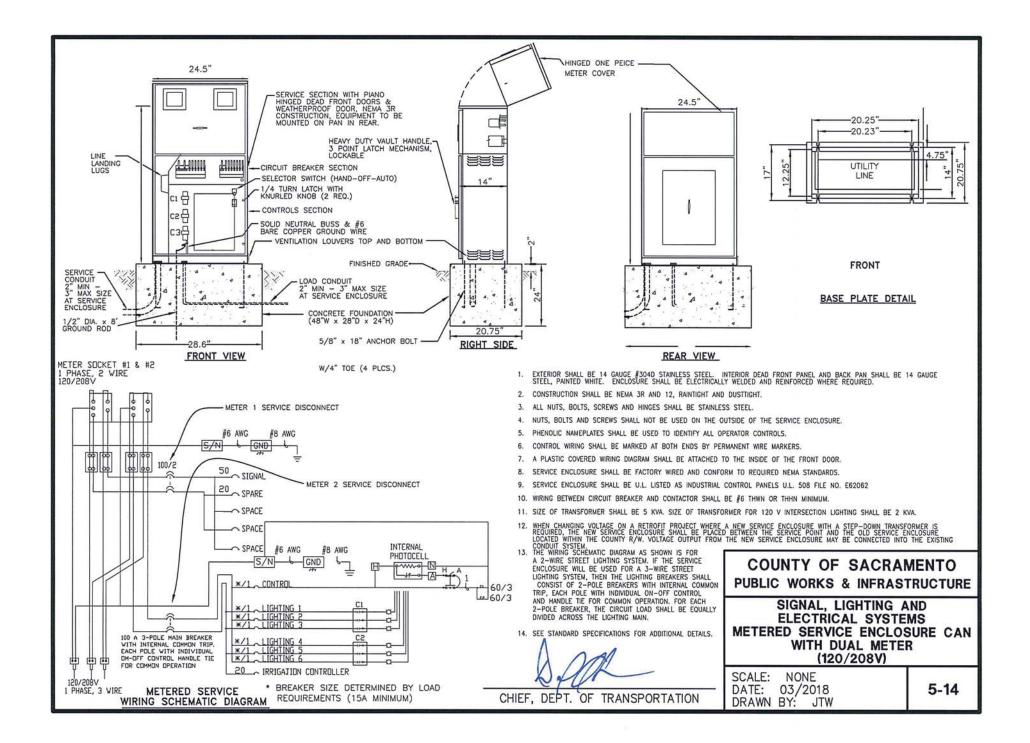












CONDUCTOR	EQUIVALENT NUMBER OF #14 AWG CONDUCTORS FOR USE IN CONDUIT SIZING
#12 CONDUCTOR	1.2
#10 CONDUCTOR	1.5
#8 CONDUCTOR	2.3
#6 CONDUCTOR	3
#4 CONDUCTOR	4
#2 CONDUCTOR	5.3
#0 CONDUCTOR	11.5
INTERCONNECT CABLE	18
DETECTOR LEAD-IN CABLE	2.5
EMERGENCY VEHICLE DETECTOR CABLE	2

CONDUIT SIZING

CONDUIT SIZE	1.5"	2"	2.5"	3"	3.5"	4"
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF #14 AWG CONDUCTORS	19	31	44	69	91	113

CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZING

SERVICE CONDUCTOR MAXIMUM LENGTHS

FOR TRAFFIC SIGNALS

WIRE SIZE	LENGTH
WIRE SIZE	LENGTH
#O	576'
#2	360'
#4	224'

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT BREAKER AMPERAGE
50
40
30
20
15

NOTE:

THE BREAKER SIZE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE LOAD REQUIREMENTS. MINIMUM BREAKER SIZE IS 15 AMPS. COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO PUBLIC WORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE

COND	UIT,	SERVI	CE	WIRE
AND	BRE	AKER	SIZ	ZING

m	- DATE:	NONE 03/2018
OF TRANSPORTATION	DRAWN	BY: JTW

CHIEF, DEPT.

5-15

TYPICAL VOLTAGE DROP CALCULATION FOR 2-WIRE SYSTEM

VOLTAGE DROP (COPPER CONDUCTOR) = $\frac{D \times A \times N \times 22}{Circular Mils}$

D = Length of section, in feet.

A = Line operating amperes drawn by one light.

N = Number of lights in the circuit beyond the section.

WIRE SIZE (AWG)	AREA (Circular Mils)			
14	4,110			
12	6,530			
10	10,380			
8	16,510			
6	26,250			
4	41,740			

DRIVER MAXIMUM INPUT AMPS FOR LIGHT EMITTING DIODE LED LUMINAIRES (AT 115 VOLTS)

ALL FIXTURES 1.25 Amps

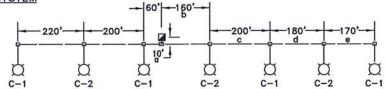
LEGEND

Ĩ

DATE: 03/2018

DRAWN BY: JTW

TYPICAL MULTIPLE STREET LIGHTING SYSTEM



EXAMPLE CALCULATION: FIND TOTAL VOLTAGE DROP IN CIRCUIT #1: (115 volt system)

NOTE:

Dimension "a" is the distance between the service can and the adjacent load pull box. Use "a"=10' for standard installations where the load pull box is immediately adjacent to the service can.

Voltage drop calculations

Section	a			=	<u>10 (1.25 x 4) (22)</u> 10,380	=	0.11
Section	b	+	с	=	360 (1.25 x 2) (22) 10,380		
Section	d	+	е	=	350 (1.25 x 1) (22) 10,380	=	0.93

TOTAL VOLTAGE DROP = 2.95

NOTES:

- Design <u>must be</u> based on a two (2) wire system, even though three (3) wires (w/ a single common wire) are actually used.
- Maximum voltage drop allowed in 115 volt system = 8.05 volts.

4	DIODE Luminaire					
C-1	Circuit #1					
	Service Can					
	Conduit w/ #10 AWG Conductors					
CHIEF,	DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION					
COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO PUBLIC WORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE						
WIF	E STREET LIGHT SYSTEM RE SIZE AND VOLTAGE DROP CALCULATION					
SCALE:	NONE					

5-16

115W LIGHT EMITTING

TYPICAL VOLTAGE DROP CALCULATION FOR 3-WIRE SYSTEM

VOLTAGE DROP (COPPER CONDUCTOR) = $\frac{D \times A \times N \times 11}{Circular Mils}$

- D = Length of section, in feet.
- A = Line operating amperes drawn by one light.

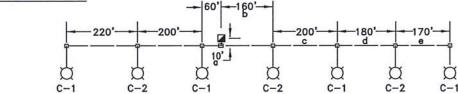
N = Number of lights in the circuit beyond the section.

WIRE SIZE (AWG)	AREA (Circular Mils)			
14	4,110			
12	6,530			
10	10,380			
8	16,510			
6	26,250			
4	41,740			

DRIVER MAXIMUM INPUT AMPS FOR LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) LUMINAIRES (AT 115 VOLTS)

ALL FIXTURES 1.25 Amps





EXAMPLE CALCULATION: FIND TOTAL VOLTAGE DROP IN CIRCUIT #1: (115 volt system)

NOTE:

Dimension "a" is the distance between the service can and the adjacent load pull box. Use "a"=10' for standard installations where the load pull box is immediately adjacent to the service can.

Voltage drop calculations

Section	a			=	<u>10 (1.25 x 4) (11)</u> 6,530	=	0.08
Section	Ь	+	С	=	<u>360 (1.25 x 2) (11)</u> 6,530	=	1.52
Section	d	+	е	=	350 (1.25 x 1) (11) 6,530	=	0.34

TOTAL VOLTAGE DROP = 2.34

NOTE:

Maximum voltage drop allowed in 115 volt system = 6.90 volts.

-1	0-2	U-1			
	GEND L Q -1		Lumir	EMITTING aaire	
	■ 0/1	OL	it w/ ctors	#12 AWG	_
CH	HEF, DE	PT. OF	TRANS	PORTATION	
COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO PUBLIC WORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE					
3-WIRE STREET LIGHT SYSTEM WIRE SIZE AND VOLTAGE DROP CALCULATION					

5-17

SCALE: NONE DATE: 03/2018 DRAWN BY: JTW

LOOP INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Test each loop circuit at controller cabinet (or, if these are not installed, test at termination pull box) before filling slots. Perform a resistance test between each circuit and ground. Insulation resistance shall not be less than 100 mega ohms. Test each loop circuit for continuity. Loop circuit resistance shall not exceed 0.5 ohms plus 0.35 ohms per 100 feet of lead-in cable.
- 2. Distance between side of loop and lead-in saw cut shall be 1'-0" minimum.
- 3. Width of saw cuts shall be 1/8" to 3/16" wider than thickness of the conductor.

- Locate lead-in wires away from lip of autter.

- 4. Depth of saw cuts shall be such that the minimum sealant cover shall be 1/2" with an additional 1/8" to 1/4" gap between top of sealant and surface of pavement.
- 5. Loops and lead-in cuts shall be located a minimum of 2 feet from the nearest edge of manhole cover and valve boxes.

11

TYPICAL LOOP INSTALLATION

LOOP WINDING PATTERNS

wires.

- g'

2 wires

ALTERNATE -HANDHOLE

NO. 5 PULLBOX

LOCATIONS

Loop 2

6. Loop installation 250' or more from stop bar, shall have 4 turns.

13

2 wires

FOR ONE LANE INSTALLATION, USE 11/2" MIN. CONDUIT

FOR MORE THAN ONE LANE

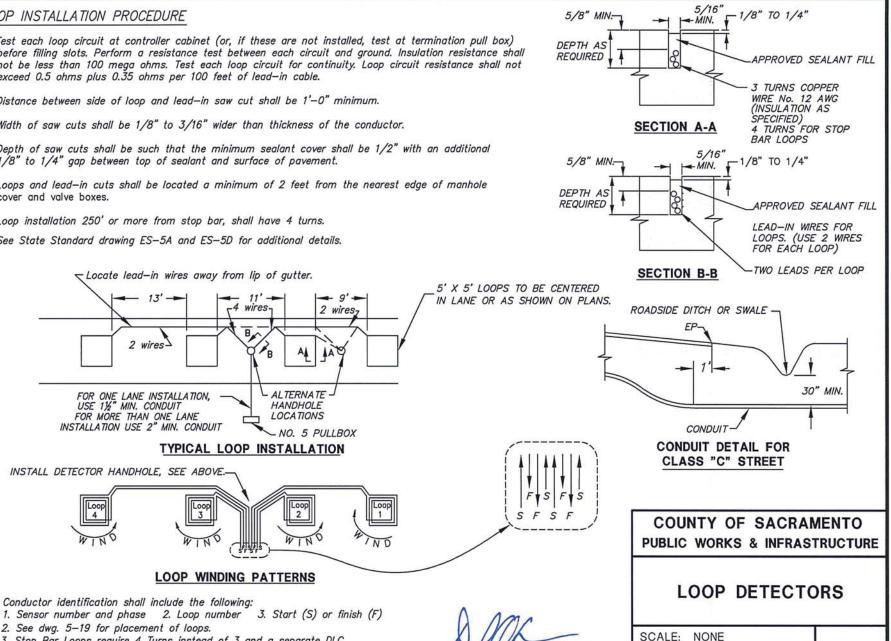
INSTALL DETECTOR HANDHOLE, SEE ABOVE.

Conductor identification shall include the following:

2. See dwa. 5-19 for placement of loops.

INSTALLATION USE 2" MIN. CONDUIT

7. See State Standard drawing ES-5A and ES-5D for additional details.



DATE: 03/2018

DRAWN BY: JTW

5-18

3. Stop Bar Loops require 4 Turns instead of 3 and a separate DLC. 4. Modified Type D Loop require 3 Turns only. See Dwg. 5-19 for location.

CHIEF. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION

Loop

3

